

Hebrew Grammar  
Ross Homework Key

IBH 8.6

a. All

(1) <b>דְּבָרִים</b>	(9) <b>רָעִים</b>
(2) <b>נְשִׁים</b>	(10) <b>מִזְאָשָׁה / מִאָשָׁה</b>
(3) <b>עֲבָדִים</b>	(11) <b>יָלִדִים</b>
(4) <b>מִזְהָב / מִזְהָב</b>	(12) <b>הַזְקָנִים</b>
(5) <b>מִזְהָבָּלֶד / מִהְמָלֶד</b>	(13) <b>נָעָרִים</b>
(6) <b>סִפְרִים</b>	(14) <b>מִזְיָהוּדָה / מִיְהָוָדָה</b>
(7) <b>מַלְכִים</b>	(15) <b>הָאָנָשִׁים</b>
(8) <b>עַמִּים</b>	

b. All

- (1) The men and the women are in Israel.
- (2) The books are in the house (or temple).
- (3) The servants walked in wisdom.
- (4) Where is the lad? He is in the midst of the people (or nation).
- (5) Wisdom and counsel are from Yahweh.
- (6) The nation is by the river because the famine is in the land.
- (7) The gold and the silver are in the temple.
- (8) Yahweh is in the midst of the people; He is in Judah.
- (9) The warriors walked upon the road/way to the battle.
- (10) Who is like God in the earth?

c. Word division (the words of b.5, don't worry about **מִיְהָוָה**). Divide the syllables and label [1] syllables as open or closed (O or C), [2] shewas (VS

or SS), [3] tone of each syllable (Post, T, PT, PPT), [4] qames (Q) or qames hatuf (QH), and [5] all dots as either Mappiq (M), Dagesh Forte (DF), or Dagesh Lene (DL).

$\begin{matrix} T & PT \\ O & O \\ : &   \\ \text{ע} & \text{צ} \\ : &   \\ Q & VS \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} T & PT \\ O & C \\ : &   \\ \text{ח} & \text{כ} \\ : &   \\ Q & SS \ QH \end{matrix}$
(5)	