

Hebrew Grammar  
Ross Homework Key

IBH 5.10

(All are provided here in case you wish to do extra practice.)

a.

- 1) šibbōlet ben-‘ammî ’aššûr šadday ’iyyôb z̄ekaryâ
- 2) ’arpakšad p̄elištîm hall̄lû-yâh babbáyit ’eliyyâhû

b.

- (1) חַוָּה חַגְנִי שְׁשִׁים תְּחִתְּנָה עַמְּדִי הַוָּלֵד אֶל-הַמִּדְבָּר
- (2) דָּבָר הַבָּקָר מִקְרָא תְּסַבּו תְּדַבְּקָנִי עַמְּנוֹאָל
- (3) נְחִיָּה וַיְהִפְךְ וַתְּגַדֵּל אַתָּה מִפְּיק מִמְּלָךְ

c.

- (1) הַבָּיִת
- (2) הַיּוֹם
- (3) הַדָּבָר
- (4) הַמֶּלֶךְ
- (5) הַבָּזָן
- (6) הַכְּרָם

d.

- 1) Where is the son? He is in the house.
- 2) The king walked in wisdom.
- 3) The house is in the vineyard.
- 4) Who is righteous? Yahweh is righteous. Who is evil? Man is evil.
- 5) The warrior dwelled/sat in the camp.

d. NOTE: For all the words in part “d,” #’s 3-4, divide syllables; label for: open or closed (O or C); tone (T, PT, PPT, or Post); shewa (VS,SS); qames (Q) or qames hatuf (QH); all dots as either Mappiq (M), Dagesh Forte (DF), or Dagesh Lene (DL).

C,Post O,T C,PT  DF,Q DL	C,Post O,T C,PT  DF	(3)						
C,T O,PT	C,T	C,T	O,T Don't bother!	C,T C,PT  DF	C,T C,PT	C,T O,T	 DF	(4)
 Q				 DF	 DF			