

1:9 And he said to them, “I am a Hebrew, and I fear YHWH, the God of heaven, who made the sea and the dry land.”

9 וַיֹּאמֶר אֲלֵיהֶם עֲבָרִי אֲנֹכִי וְאֶת־יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵי הַשָּׁמַיִם אֲנִי יִרְאָה אֲשֶׁר־עָשָׂה אֶת־הַיָּם וְאֶת־
הַיַּבֶּשֶׁת:

a. Parse the following verbs and identify the S(ubject) of each verb.

(1) יִרְאָה :

(2) עָשָׂה :

b. Explain why it is inappropriate to gloss the first clause, וַיֹּאמֶר אֲלֵיהֶם, as “And God said”?

c. What sentence pattern does עֲבָרִי אֲנֹכִי follow? Which word is the S?

d. In the phrases וְאֶת־יְהוָה and וְאֶת־הַיַּבֶּשֶׁת, determine whether אֶת is the sign of the accusative, or the preposition ‘with’. Explain why you think so.

e. How does the bound phrase (or construct chain/gen. phrase) אֱלֹהֵי הַשָּׁמַיִם relate to the clause?

1:10 Then the men were afraid (with) great fear, and they said to him, “What is this that you have done?” For the men knew that he (was) fleeing from the presence of YHWH, because he had told them.

10 וַיִּירָאוּ הָאֲנָשִׁים יְרֵאָה גְדוֹלָה וַיֹּאמְרוּ אֵלָיו מַה־זֹּאת עָשִׂיתָ כִּי־יָדְעוּ הָאֲנָשִׁים כִּי־מַלְפָּנֶי
יְהוָה הוּא בָרַח כִּי הִגִּיד לָהֶם:

a. Parse the following verbs and identify the S(ubject) of each verb.

(1) וַיִּירָאוּ :

(2) וַיֹּאמְרוּ :

(3) עָשִׂיתָ :

(4) יָדְעוּ :

(5) בָרַח :

(6) הִגִּיד :

b. The N(oun) P(hrase) יְרֵאָה גְדוֹלָה ‘great fear’ is functioning in the accusative in its clause. Explain the semantic classification of the accusative function.

c. Re: the parsing of וַיִּירָאוּ, how is this form different from the וַיִּירָאוּ?

d. What is the function of the כִּי-clauses in the following:

(1) כִּי־יָדְעוּ הָאֲנָשִׁים :

(2) כִּי־מָלְפָנַי יִהְיֶה הוּא בִרְחֹם :

(3) כִּי הִגִּיד לָהֶם :

e. There is a participle in the clause הוּא בִרְחֹם; do participles have an inherent time- or tense-value? What is the timeframe of this one? What is the function/use of the ptc here (attributive, predicate, substantival/nominal)?

f. You should have parsed the form הִגִּיד as a “perfect” conjugation. Look at Williams §162 at the 4 types of “complete-action perfect” categories. Explain which classification of the perfect fits this clause best, and why. (See also WO §30.5.2.b for help here.)